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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/616,204	0/616,204 07/10/2003		Shunpei Yamazaki	740756-2630	9770
22204	7590	11/03/2005		EXAMINER	
NIXON PEABODY, LLP				TRAN, TAN N	
401 9TH STREET, NW SUITE 900			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTON, DC 20004-2128				2826	
				DATE MAILED: 11/03/2009	ς.

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No.	Applicant(s)						
10/616,204	YAMAZAKI ET AL.						
Examiner	Art Unit						
TAN N. TRAN	2826						
appears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address						
PLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MC N. R1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI atute, cause the application to become ABA ailing date of this communication, even if tin	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).						
mendment filed on 10/11/05.							
This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Minhloan Tran						
d/or election requirement.	Primary Examiner Art Unit 2826						
iner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
the drawing(s) be held in abeyance	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	i) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.						
ign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1 ents have been received. ents have been received in Appriority documents have been re eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No						
list of the certified copies not re	eceived.						
4) Interview Sur							
	ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
	Examiner  TAN N. TRAN  Appears on the cover sheet with the statutory minimum of thirty individ will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT atute, cause the application to become ABA ailing date of this communication, even if timendment filed on 10/11/05. This action is non-final.  Wance except for formal matteer Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.  Idrawn from consideration.  Idrawn from consideration is received in Apple of the drawing (s) be held in abeyance are consideration.  Idrawn from consideration is received in Apple of the certified copies not received.  Idrawn from consideration is received.  Idra						

Art Unit: 2826

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

The specification does not disclose a pair of substrates that are each flexible as recited in claims 1,4,7,

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hinata et al. (5,610,742) in view of Bailey et al. (2003/0137061).

With regard to claims 1,3,4,6,7,9,10,12,13,15,16,18, Hinata et al. discloses a display device is incorporated into a personal computer having a pair of substrates 1 that are each flexible and made of an organic resin plastic material; a sealing member 5 provided between end

Art Unit: 2826

portions of the pair of substrates 1, wherein a coating film 13 is formed in end portions of the pair of substrates 1, on outer surface of one of the pair of substrate 1, and on outer surfaces of the sealing member 5. (Note lines 55,56, column 1, fig. 5 of Hinata et al.)

Hinata et al. does not disclose a light-emitting element comprising an anode, a layer including a luminescent material and a cathode provided between the pair of substrates and a dryer agent between the pair of substrates.

However, Bailey et al. discloses a light-emitting element comprising an anode 112, an active layer 120 including a luminescent material, a cathode 134, and a dryer agent 130 provided between the first substrate 122 and a cover 126 wherein the cover 126 serves as substrate. (Note lines 1-3, paragraph 0001, lines 1-4, paragraph 0004, and lines 1-4, paragraph 0010, page 1, fig. 1 of Bailey et al.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to form the Hinata et al.'s device having a light-emitting element comprising an anode, a layer including a luminescent material and a cathode provided between the pair of substrates and a dryer agent between the pair of substrates such as taught by Bailey et al. in order to protect the organic layer and electrodes of the light-emitting element from oxidation and moisture.

With regard to claims 2,5,8,11,14,17, Hinata et al. and Bailey et al. disclose all the claimed subject matter except for the light emitting element includes a compound that emits light via a triplet excited state. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to form the light emitting element includes a compound that emits light via a triplet excited state in order to increase light efficiency of device, because such structure is

conventional in the art for forming light-emitting device having red, green and blue light. Note,

lines 36-42, column 1, 18a, 18b of Eida et al. (5,869,929) do teach light-emitting device having

red, green and blue light, is cited to support for the well-know position.

Response to Amendment

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-18 have been considered but are moot in

view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner

should be directed to Tan Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-1923. The examiner can

normally be reached on M-F 8:30AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (571) 272-1915. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular

communications and (703) 872-9306 for after final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

TT

Oct 2005